Amendments to the Claims:

By the present amendment, Claims 1, 4, 8, 17, 20, and 35 are amended, and Claim 6 is canceled. This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

- 1. (Currently Amended) A phyllosilicate-polymer composition comprising:
- (a) a phyllosilicate wherein the exchange sites on the basal surface of the phyllosilicate are bound substantially with hydrogen ions; and
- (b) a polymer layer adsorbed onto the basal surface of the phyllosilicate providing a phyllosilicate-polymer composition, wherein the polymer of the polymer layer exists as an oxonium cation on the basal surface, the phyllosilicate-polymer composition is present as a single phyllosilicate-polymer phase and the phyllosilicate-polymer composition exhibits an anomalous basal spacing.
- 2. (Original) The phyllosilicate-polymer composition of claim 1 wherein the polymer has at least one hydroxyl group.
- 3. (Original) The phyllosilicate-polymer composition of claim 1 further comprising a second polymer layer adsorbed onto the basal surface of the phyllosilicate.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The phyllosilicate-polymer composition of claim 2 wherein the polymer is selected from the group consisting of polyethylene glycol, polypropylene glycol and monoalkyl-ether derivatives ethers thereof.
- 5. (Original) The phyllosilicate-polymer composition of claim 2 wherein the polymer comprises greater than 27 weight percent of the phyllosilicate-polymer composition.
 - 6. (Canceled)

- 7. (Original) The phyllosilicate-polymer composition of claim 2 wherein the basal spacing of the phyllosilicate-polymer composition increases as the molecular weight of the polymer increases.
 - 8. (Currently Amended) An anisotropic liquid crystalline composite, comprising:
 - (a) a phyllosilicate-polymer composite, comprising:
 - (1) a phyllosilicate; and
 - (2) a polymer adsorbed onto the phyllosilicate, wherein the polymer is selected from polyethylene glycol, polypropylene glycol and monoalkyl ether derivatives ethers thereof; and

wherein the phyllosilicate-polymer composite is birefringent.

- 9. (Original) The anisotropic liquid crystalline composite of claim 8 wherein the phyllosilicate is nematically oriented in the phyllosilicate-polymer composition.
- 10. (Original) The anisotropic liquid crystalline composite of claim 8 wherein the phyllosilicate comprises more than 10 percent of the phyllosilicate-polymer composite.
- 11. (Original) The anisotropic liquid crystalline composite of claim 8 wherein the phyllosilicate is selected from the group consisting of kaolins, tales and montmorillonites.
- 12. (Original) The anisotropic liquid crystalline composite of claim 8 wherein the polymer is water soluble.
- 13. (Original) The anisotropic liquid crystalline composite of claim 8 further comprising a material selected from the group consisting of polyethylene glycol based surfactants and polypropylene glycol based surfactants.

- 14. (Original) The anisotropic liquid crystalline composite of claim 13 further comprising an antioxidant.
- 15. (Original) The anisotropic liquid crystalline composite of claim 13 wherein the liquid crystalline composite is extrudable.
- 16. (Original) The anisotropic liquid crystalline composite of claim 8 wherein the phyllosilicate-polymer composition comprises a barrier layer, the barrier layer providing a gas permeability below a gas permeability of the polymer alone.
- 17. (Currently Amended) A method for producing an anisotropic liquid crystalline composite from a phyllosilicate and a polymer comprising:
 - (a) suspending a phyllosilicate in a compatible solvent;
- (b) dissolving a polymer in the compatible solvent, wherein the polymer is selected from the group consisting of polyethylene glycol, polypropylene glycol, and monoalkyl ether derivatives ethers thereof; and
- (c) removing a sufficient amount of the compatible solvent to produce an anisotropic liquid crystalline composite.
 - 18. (Original) The method of claim 17 wherein the compatible solvent is water.
 - 19. (Original) The method of claim 18 wherein the polymer is polyethylene glycol.
- 20. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 18 wherein the anisotropic liquid crystalline composite comprises less than about two percent water by weight or less than two percent water by weight.

- 21. (Original) The method of claim 18 further comprising purifying the phyllosilicate prior to suspending the phyllosilicate in the compatible solvent.
- 22. (Original) The method of claim 18 wherein the anisotropic liquid crystalline composition comprises between about 30 and 70 percent phyllosilicate.
- 23. (Original) The method of claim 18 further comprising adding a polypropylene glycol or polyethylene glycol based surfactant to the compatible solvent.
- 24. (Original) The method of claim 23 further comprising extruding the anisotropic liquid crystalline composite to produce a barrier layer of the anisotropic liquid crystalline composite.
 - 25-31. (Canceled)
 - 32. (Previously Presented) An anisotropic liquid crystalline composite, comprising:
 - (a) a phyllosilicate-polymer composite, comprising:
 - (1) a phyllosilicate;
 - (2) a polymer adsorbed onto the phyllosilicate; and
 - (3) a material selected from the group consisting of polyethylene glycol based surfactants and polypropylene based surfactants, wherein the phyllosilicate-polymer composite is birefringent.
- 33. (Previously Presented) The anisotropic liquid crystalline composite of claim 32 further comprising an antioxidant.
- 34. (Previously Presented) The anisotropic liquid crystalline composite of claim 32 wherein the liquid crystalline composite is extrudable.

- 35. (Currently Amended) A method for producing an anisotropic liquid crystalline composite from a phyllosilicate and a polymer comprising:
 - (a) suspending a phyllosilicate in water;
 - (b) dissolving a polymer in the water and
- (c) removing a sufficient amount of the water to produce an anisotropic liquid crystalline composite comprising less than about two percent water by weight or less than two percent water by weight.